Retirement Villages

Form 3



ABN: 86 504 771 740

Village Comparison Document

Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Section 74)

This form is effective from 1 February 2019

Name of village: Somerset Indooroopilly



Important information for the prospective resident

- The Village Comparison Document gives general information about the retirement village
 accommodation, facilities and services, including the general costs of moving into, living in and
 leaving the retirement village. This makes it easier for you to compare retirement villages.
- The Retirement Villages Act 1999 requires a retirement village scheme operator to:
 - provide a copy of the Village Comparison Document to a prospective resident of the retirement village within seven days of receiving a request
 - o include a copy of the Village Comparison Document with any promotional material given to a person, other than through a general distribution (e.g. mail-out)
 - publish the Village Comparison Document on the village's website so that the document, or a link to it appears prominently on each page of the website that contains, or has a link to, marketing material for the village
- You can access a copy of this Village Comparison Document on the village website at http://somersetindooroopilly.com.au
- All amounts in this document are GST-inclusive, unless stated otherwise where that is permitted by law.

Notice for prospective residents

Before you decide whether to live in a retirement village, you should:

- Seek independent legal advice about the retirement village contract there are different types of contracts and they can be complex
- Find out the financial commitments involved in particular, you should understand and consider ingoing costs, ongoing fees and charges (which can increase) and how much it will cost you when you leave the village permanently
- Consider any impacts to any pensions, rate subsidies and rebates you currently receive
- Consider what questions to ask the village manager before signing a contract
- Consider whether retirement village living provides the lifestyle that is right for you. Moving into a retirement village is very different to moving into a new house. It involves buying into a village with communal facilities where usually some of the costs of this lifestyle are deferred until you leave the village. These deferred costs when you leave your unit may be significant.
- Seek further information and advice to help with making a decision that is right for you. Some
 useful contacts are listed at the end of this document, including:
 - Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS) which provides free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement village. See www.caxton.org.au or phone 07 3214 6333.
 - The Queensland Law Society which can provide a list of lawyers who practice retirement village law. See www.gls.com.au or phone: 1300 367 757.

More information

- If you decide to move into a retirement village, the operator will provide you with a Prospective Costs Document for your selected unit, a residence contract and other legal documents.
- By law, you must have a copy of the Village Comparison Document, the Prospective Costs
 Document, the village by-laws, your residence contract and all attachments to your residence
 contract for at least 21 days before you and the operator enter into the residence contract. This
 is to give you time to read these documents carefully and seek professional advice about your
 legal and financial interests. You have the right to waive the 21-day period if you get legal
 advice from a Queensland lawyer about your contract.

The information in this Village Comparison Document is correct as at 1 July 2023 and applies to prospective residents.

Some of the information in this document may not apply to existing residence contracts.

Part 1 – Operator and management details					
1.1 Retirement village location	Retirement Village Name Somerset Indooroopilly				
	Street Address Indooroopilly Golf Course, Meiers Road				
	Suburb Indo	oroopilly	State	Qld	Post Code 4068
1.2 Owner of the land on which the	Name of land	d owner			
retirement village scheme is located	Indooroopilly Golf Club				
Scheme is located	Australian Company Number (ACN)				
	009 660 726				
	Address Indooroopilly Golf Course, Meiers Road				
	Suburb	Indooroopi	lly State	e Qld	Post Code 4068
1.3 Village operator	Name of ent	ty that operat	tes the retirer	nent vill	age (scheme operator)
	Aura IGC Management Pty Ltd ACN 622 293 270 as trustee for the Aura IGC Trust				
	Australian Company Number (ACN)				
	622 293 270				
	Address c/- 23 Sirius Street				
	Suburb	Coorparoo	State Qld	Post (Code 4151
	Date entity became operator 10 September 2020				
	the registere this Village (d owner of th Comparison D	e retirement v Oocument, IG	village la C has g	lly Golf Course (IGC) is and. As at the date of tranted a 120 year lease perator (Village Lease).

	Residents acquiring a right to reside in an accommodation unit will be required to enter into a sublease with the scheme operator.		
1.4 Village management and onsite availability	Name of village management entity and contact details Aura IGC Management Pty Ltd ACN 622 293 270 as trustee for th Aura IGC Trust Australian Company Number (ACN)		
	622 293 270		
	Phone	0460 655 550	
	Email	mailto:kymn.collins@auraholdings.com.au	
	An onsite ma	anager (or representative) is available to residents:	
	⊠ Full time		
	☐ Part time☐ By appoin☐ None ava☐	·	
	Onsite availa	ability includes:	
	8:30 am to 4:30 pm, Monday to Friday inclusive		
1.5 Approved closure plan or transition plan for the retirement	Is there an approved transition plan for the village? ☐ Yes ☒ No		
village	A written transition plan approved by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy is required when an existing operator is transitioning control of the retirement village scheme's operation to a new operator.		
	Is there an a ☐ Yes ⊠ No	pproved closure plan for the village?	
	A written closure plan approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy is required if an operatis closing a retirement village scheme. This includes winding down stopping to operate the village, even temporarily.		
Part 2 – Age limits			
2.1 What age limits apply to residents in this village?	application, o	nust be 60 years of age or over, or in the case of a joint one applicant must be 60 years of age or over. In the case cants, the right to reside must be held as joint tenants.	
	All applicants must be able to live independently.		

	-	
	We reserve the right to decline an application and change the age limitation criteria applicable for entry into the village.	
	We may, in our absolute discretion, accept an application for an applicant to reside in the village outside of these categories.	
ACCOMMODATION, FAC	CILITIES AND SERVICES	
Part 3 – Accommodation	units: Nature of ownership or tenure	
3.1 Resident ownership	☐ Freehold (owner resident)	
or tenure of the units in the village is:	□ Lease (non-owner resident) - Note from the scheme operator: Residents are required to enter into a sublease in respect of their accommodation unit. See item 1.3 above.	
	☐ Licence (non-owner resident)	
	☐ Share in company title entity (non-owner resident)	
	☐ Unit in unit trust (non-owner resident)	
	Rental (non-owner resident)	
	Other	
Accommodation types		
3.2 Number of units by accommodation type and tenure	We are proposing to construct 168 independent living units across 4 multi-storey buildings with 5 levels. The completion of the independent living units (ILU) will occur in two stages (as outlined in item 5.2 below).	
	Stage 1 of the village contains 80 independent living units over 2 multi-storey buildings, as follows:	
	 two bedroom – 24 ILUs two bedroom plus study – 25 ILUs three bedroom – 6 ILUs three bedroom plus study – 21 ILUs penthouse – 4 ILUs 	
	Stage 2 of the village is to contain 88 independent living units over 2 multi-storey buildings, as follows:	
	 two bedroom – 12 ILUs two bedroom plus study – 44 ILUs three bedroom – 5 ILUs three bedroom plus study – 23 ILUs penthouse – 4 ILUs 	
	When both stages of the village are completed, it is proposed that the village will have the following number and types of accommodation units:	

Accommodation unit	Freehold	Leasehold	Licence	Other
Independent living units				
- Studio	-	-	-	-
- One bedroom	-	-	-	-
- Two bedroom	-	36	-	-
- Two bedroom + study		69		
- Three bedroom	-	11	-	-
- Three bedroom + study	-	44	-	-
- Penthouse		8		
Serviced units				
- Studio	-	-		
- One bedroom	-	-	-	-
- Two bedroom	-	-	-	-
- Three bedroom	-	-	-	-
Other				
Total number of units	-	168	-	-

Access and design

3.3 What disability access and design features do the units and the village contain?

\square Level access from the street into and between all areas of the unit (i.e. no external or internal steps or stairs) in \square all \square some units			
\boxtimes Alternatively, a ramp, elevator or lift allows entry into \boxtimes all \square some units			
oximes Step-free (hobless) shower in $oximes$ all $oximes$ some units			
\boxtimes Width of doorways allow for wheelchair access in \boxtimes all \square some units			
☐ Toilet is accessible in a wheelchair in ☐ all ☐ some units			
 Allowance for future installation of handrails to bathrooms Large format light and power switches More generous spatial dimensions to assist those with restricted mobility 			
□ None			

Part 4 – Parking for residents and visitors				
4.1 What car parking in the village is available for residents?	□ All / Some/[unit type] units with own garage or carport attached or adjacent to the unit □ All / Some [unit type] units with own garage or carport separate from the unit □ All / Some [unit type] units with own car park space adjacent to the unit □ All units with own car park space separate from the unit □ General car parking for residents in the village □ Other parking e.g. caravan or boat □ Specify number / unit type]			
4.2 Is parking in the village available for visitors? If yes, parking restrictions include	⊠ Yes □ No			
Part 5 – Planning and de	velopment			
5.1 Is construction or development of the village complete?	Year village construction started - 2020 ☐ Fully developed / completed ☐ Partially developed / completed ☐ Construction yet to commence			
5.2 Construction, development applications and development approvals Provide details and timeframe of development or proposed development, including the final number and types of	Provide detail of any construction, development or redevelopment relating to the retirement village land, including details of any related development approval or development applications in accordance with the Planning Act 2016 Staged development of the village We envisage the village will be developed over 2 stages as described			
units and any new facilities.	below.			

Stage 1 – completed in December 2021

80 independent living units over 5 levels in Stage 1 of the village.

Stage 1 of the village includes the facilities noted in item 6.1 of this village comparison document, Ancillary Facilities (see below) and basement car parking.

Stage 2

We are in the process of constructing a third and fourth building in the village containing up to 88 independent living units over 5 levels.

The proposed site plan (if any) included in marketing material depicts the proposed land development on completion of construction of the 2 stages. Development of Stage 2 may result in temporary inconvenience (for example, increased noise, dust, traffic and tradespeople at the village in connection with the building works).

We reserve the right to develop the village having regard to financial availability, public demand for such accommodation and general and economic and commercial factors governing the housing and retirement living market. As a result, the staging, timing and extent of the development of the village may alter from that originally planned.

The construction of Stage 2 may constitute 'redevelopment' for the purposes of section 113C of the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld). Accordingly, this section constitutes written notice pursuant to section 113C(2) of the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld).

Development Approvals

Development permits have been issued by Brisbane City Council in relation to the development of the village. Details of these development permits are contained further below.

AA004996045 - Retirement Facility, Heritage Place - Adjoining (Building Work), Heritage Place - Adjoining (Building Work), Retirement Facility, Retirement Facility, Subdivision by Lease, Retirement Facility.

A005827963 - Carry Out Building Work, Material Change of Use, Reconfigure a Lot.

A006098424 - Change Application - amendment to balcony of Unit 141

Ancillary facilities

In addition to the accommodation units and resident facilities noted in items 3.2 above and 6.1 below respectively, we intend for some areas in the village to be used for purposes that, in our opinion, are consistent with and ancillary to, the retirement village use and health and wellness generally (**Ancillary Facilities**). These areas include the consulting room, massage rooms and salon. Initially we may operate these facilities and then progressively licence or sublease to third

	party operators. Either we or the third party operator will be responsible for all utilities (electricity, gas, water etc) and other operational costs in relation to these Ancillary Facilities. The operational costs will be apportioned based on the area that the Ancillary Facilities bear to the area of the village land or on some other terms as we may determine, acting fairly and reasonably. The construction of the Ancillary Facilities described above may constitute 'redevelopment' for the purposes of section 113C of the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld). Accordingly, this section constitutes written notice pursuant to section 113C(2) of the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld).		
Retirement Villages Act 1999	Is there an approved redevelopment plan for the village under the Retirement Villages Act? Yes No The Retirement Villages Act may require a written redevelopment plan for certain types of redevelopment of the village and this is different to a development approval. A redevelopment plan must be approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy. Note: see notice at end of document regarding inspection of the development approval documents.		
	 ☐ Activities or games room ☒ Arts and crafts room ☐ Auditorium ☒ BBQ area outdoors ☒ Billiards room ☐ Bowling green [indoor/outdoor] ☒ Business centre (e.g. computers, printers, internet access) ☐ Chapel / prayer room ☐ Communal laundries ☐ Community room or centre 	 ☑ Medical consultation room ☐ Restaurant/cafe ☐ Shop ☑ Swimming pool [indoor heated] ☑ Separate lounge in community centre ☑ Spa [indoor / heated ☐ Storage area for boats / caravans ☐ Tennis court [full/half] ☐ Village bus or transport 	

	□ Dining room	⊠ Other		
	☐ Gardens (expected on completion of Stage 2) ☐ Gym ☐ Hairdressing or beauty room ☐ Library	 24/7 monitoring of emergency calls as included under the village budget (resident responsible for supplying telephone landline and handset); administration and village manager's sales offices; wine room; bar; yoga area; reception; female amenities and change room; and male amenities and change room. The scheme operator reserves the right to relocate, reconfigure, renovate, redevelop, extend and/or improve the facilities above at any time in the future.		
Details about any facility that is not funded from the General Services Charge paid by residents or if there are any restrictions on access or sharing of facilities (e.g. with an aged care facility).				
Consulting room, Massage Rooms, Salon				
resident demand and may	of these facilities are dependent be subject to change at our disc availability of finance and budge	retion. Further resident amenities may		
6.2 Does the village have an onsite, attached, adjacent or co-located residential aged care facility?	☐ Yes ⊠ No			
Note: Aged care facilities are not covered by the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld)</i> . The retirement village operator cannot keep places free or guarantee places in aged care for residents of the retirement village. To enter a residential aged care facility, you must be assessed as eligible by an Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) in accordance with the <i>Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)</i> . Exit fees may apply when you move from your retirement village unit to other accommodation and may involve entering a new contract.				
Part 7 – Services				
7.1 What services are	General services provided with	your accommodation unit include:		
provided to all village residents (funded from	management and admini			
the General Services Charge fund paid by	gardening and lawn maircleaning of village facilitie			
residents)?	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	·		

	 emergency call system operation and monitoring; building and liability insurance; water and sewerage rates and charges (except if separately metered to the accommodation unit); maintenance of tenure under the Village Lease; access to designated facilities from time to time owned and operated by IGC; and other services as detailed each year in the operating budget for the village.
7.2 Are optional personal services provided or made available to residents on a user-pays basis?	 ▶ Laundry Meals Home cleaning Personal care Proposed partnership with personal services provider Five Good Friends Pty Ltd (Five Good Friends) is the preferred supplier for the provision of personal services to residents in the village, at the resident's option, on a user pays basis. The intended services to be provided by Five Good Friends would include domestic assistance such as cleaning, laundry, meals and dog walking; personal care such as assistance with medication and showering; physiotherapy, rehabilitation and a range of other services. Helpers from Five Good Friends may work on site at the village and provide services to the residents and to the community in general. If a resident wishes to avail of Five Good Friends Pty Ltd's services, the resident will need to enter into a direct agreement with Five Good Friends. We do not guarantee that these services will be available and you acknowledge that you have not relied on the provision of these services in accepting a right to reside in an accommodation unit.
7.3 Does the retirement village operator provide government funded home care services under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)?	 Yes, the operator is an Approved Provider of home care under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Registered Accredited Care Supplier − RACS ID number) Yes, home care is provided in association with an Approved Provider No, the operator does not provide home care services, residents can arrange their own home care services

Note: Some residents may be eligible to receive a Home Care Package, or a Commonwealth Home Support Program subsidised by the Commonwealth Government if assessed as eligible by an aged care assessment team (ACAT) under the *Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)*. These home care services are not covered by the *Retirement Villages Act 1999* (Qld).

Residents can choose their own approved Home Care Provider and are not obliged to use the retirement village provider, if one is offered.

Part 8 – Security and emergency systems			
8.1 Does the village have a security system? If yes:	⊠ Yes □ N	0	
the security system details are:	•	carpark external access rks outside general business hours	
• the security system is monitored between:	Not continuously monitored		
8.2 Does the village have an emergency help system?	∑ Yes - all residents	☐ Optional ☐ No	
If yes or optional: • the emergency help system details are:	PERS with 4G connection a or internet required.	nd battery backup. No individual landline	
 the emergency help system is monitored between: 	12.00 am and 11.59 pm 7 days per week.		
8.3 Does the village have equipment that	⊠ Yes □ No)	
provides for the safety or medical emergency of residents? If yes, list or provide details e.g. first aid kit, defibrillator	first aid kit held in the Village Manager's office		
COSTS AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT			
Part 9 – Ingoing contribu	tion - entry costs to live in	the village	
An ingoing contribution is the amount a prospective resident must pay under a residence contract to secure a right to reside in the retirement village. The ingoing contribution is also referred to as the sale price or purchase price. It does not include ongoing charges such as rent or other recurring fees.			
9.1 What is the	Accommodation Unit Independent living units	Range of ingoing contribution	

One bedroom

Studio

estimated ingoing contribution (sale

price) range for all

N/A

N/A

types of units in the village	- Two bedrooms	\$680,000 to \$1,100,000
Village	- Three bedrooms	\$1,350,000 to \$1,525,000
	- Penthouse	\$2,500,000 to \$2,650,000
	Serviced units	
	- Studio	N/A
	- One bedroom	N/A
	- Two bedrooms	N/A
	- Three bedrooms	N/A
	Other	N/A
	Full range of ingoing contributions for all unit types	\$680,000 to \$2,650,000
9.2 Are there different financial options available for paying the ingoing contribution and exit fee or other fees and charges under a residence contract?	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
9.3 What other entry costs do residents need to pay?	 □ Transfer or stamp duty ☑ Costs related to your residence contract ☑ Costs related to any other contract e.g. costs directly payable to providers of personal services □ Advance payment of General Services Charge ☑ Other costs - costs associated with the provision and installation of any alterations, variation or additions to the accommodation unit requested by the resident for example, appliance upgrades or variations 	

Part 10 – Ongoing Costs - costs while living in the retirement village

General Services Charge: Residents pay this charge for the general services supplied or made available to residents in the village, which may include management and administration, gardening and general maintenance and other services or facilities for recreation and entertainment described at 7.1.

Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution: Residents pay this charge for maintaining and repairing (but not replacing) the village's capital items e.g. communal facilities, swimming pool. This fund may or may not cover maintaining or repairing items in your unit, depending on the terms of your residence contract.

The budgets for the General Services Charges Fund and the Maintenance Reserve Fund are set each financial year and these amounts can increase each year. The amount to be held in the Maintenance Reserve Fund is determined by the operator using a quantity surveyor's report.

Note: The following ongoing costs are all stated as weekly amounts to help you compare the costs of different villages. However, the billing period for these amounts may not be weekly.

10.1 Current weekly rates of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Type of Unit	General Services Charge (weekly)	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (weekly)
Independent Living Units		
- Studio	\$	\$
- One bedroom	\$	\$
- Two bedrooms	\$145.45 to \$149.16	\$49.46 to \$58.86
- Three bedrooms	\$152.68 to \$153.26	\$67.76 to \$69.25
- Penthouse	\$162.44 to \$163.61	\$92.49 to \$95.46
Serviced Units		
- Studio	\$	\$
- One bedroom	\$	\$
- Two bedrooms	\$	\$
- Three bedrooms	\$	\$
Other	\$	\$
All units pay a flat rate	\$	\$

Last three years of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Financial year	General Services Charge (range) (weekly)	Overall % change from previous year	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (range) (weekly)	Overall % change from previous year (+ or -)
2022/23	\$135.43 to \$152.34	6%	\$28.76 to \$55.51	6.36%
2021/22	\$127.76 to \$143.72	N/A	\$27.04 to \$52.19	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

10.2 What co relating to the not covered I General Serv Charge? (res need to pay to costs separa	e units are by the ices idents will hese	☐ Home in units only)	ld	 ✓ Water ✓ Telephone ✓ Internet ✓ Pay TV ✓ Other /option including charge meals, cleaning units, personal of 	es for laundry, , accommodation
10.3 What oth ongoing or o costs for reparts	ccasional	☐ Unit fix			

maintenance and

in, on or attached to the units are residents responsible for and pay for while residing in the unit?	 ☐ Unit appliances ☑ None (but see below) Additional information You must keep the Unit well maintained and at least in the good repair and condition it was in when you started occupying the Unit (which may be evidenced by the Entry Condition Report), fair wear and tear excepted. You must also repair any damage to the Unit that is not the result of fair wear and tear, however, you are not responsible for any repairs or maintenance that we must carry out under the residence contract or at law. 		
10.4 Does the operator offer a maintenance service or help residents arrange repairs and maintenance for their unit?	☐ Yes ☒ No The scheme operator will carry out all maintenance and repairs of the unit that are not the responsibility of the resident under the Lease or the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld).		
Part 11 – Exit fees – whe	n you leave the village		
	y an exit fee to the operator when they leave their unit or when the right d. This is also referred to as a 'deferred management fee' (DMF).		
11.1 Do residents pay an exit fee when they permanently leave their unit?	 ✓ Yes – all residents pay an exit fee calculated using the same ormula ✓ Yes – all new residents pay an exit fee but the way this is worked out may vary depending on each resident's residence contract 		
	□ No exit fee		
	□ Other		
	See below.		
Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on The Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) (see definitions further below)		
1 year	5% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) + Pro Rata Exit Fee* (see further below)		
2 years	10% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) + Pro Rata Exit Fee* (see further below)		
3 years	15% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) + Pro Rata Exit Fee* (see further below)		

4 years	20% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) + Pro Rata Exit Fee* (see further below)
5 years	25% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable)
6 years	26.5% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) + Pro Rata Exit Fee* (see further below)
7 years	28% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) + Pro Rata Exit Fee* (see further below)
8 years	29.5% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) + Pro Rata Exit Fee* (see further below)
9 years	31% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) + Pro Rata Exit Fee* (see further below)
10 years	32.5% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable)

Resale Price is the ingoing contribution paid by the new resident who purchases the right to reside in the Unit. If the right to reside in the Unit is sold to a new resident and we have received the ingoing contribution from the new resident before the date that is 18 months after your residence contract is terminated, then the exit fee is calculated on the Resale Price.

Resale Value is the value of the right to reside in the Unit as agreed with us or, if agreement cannot be reached, as determined by a valuer in accordance with the Act. If the right to reside in the Unit has not sold by the date that is 18 months after your residence contract is terminated, then the exit fee is calculated on the Resale Value.

*Periods of occupation that are not a whole number of years

Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis for any part of a year.

In particular, for the purposes of the calculating the Pro Rata Exit Fee referred to above, the following formulas apply:

Pro Rata Exit Fee = A x B / 365 days (or 366 in a leap year) X Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable)

Where:

- A = Pro Rata Exit Fee Percentage (as defined below); and
- B = Number of days between the commencement date (if the period of occupancy is less than 1 year) or the last occurring anniversary of the commencement date.

Pro Rata Exit Fee Percentage is the percentage that applies for the relevant period of occupancy which is a pro rata calculation from (and including) the commencement date or last occurring anniversary of the commencement date (as applicable) to (and including) the Exit Date as follows:

- Less than 1 year 5%
- More than 1 year but less than or equal to 2 years 5%
- More than 2 years but less than or equal to 3 years 5%
- More than 3 years but less than or equal to 4 years 5%
- More than 4 years but less than or equal to 5 years 5%
- More than 5 years but less than or equal to 6 years 1.5%
- More than 6 years but less than or equal to 7 years 1.5%
- More than 7 years but less than or equal to 8 years 1.5%
- More than 8 years but less than or equal to 9 years 1.5%
- More than 9 years but less than or equal to 10 years 1.5%

Maximum and Minimum exit fees

The maximum (or capped) exit fee is 32.5% of the Resale Price (or Resale Value, if applicable) after 10 years of residence.

The minimum exit fee is 1/365th of 5% of the Resale Price or Resale Value (as applicable), subject to your right to terminate during the cooling off period.

11.2 What other exit costs do residents need to pay or contribute to?

\boxtimes	Sale	costs	for th	e unit	(but	only	if you	appoir	nt your	own	real	estate	Э
age	nt)												

☐ Legal costs

Other costs - see item 14.1

Part 12 - Reinstatement and renovation of the unit

12.1 Is the resident responsible for reinstatement of the unit when they leave the unit?

\boxtimes	Yes		No
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Reinstatement work means replacements or repairs that are reasonably necessary to return the unit to the same condition it was in when the resident started occupation, apart from:

- fair wear and tear; and
- renovations and other changes to the condition of the unit carried out with agreement of the resident and operator.

Fair wear and tear includes a reasonable amount of wear and tear associated with the use of items commonly used in a retirement village. However, a resident is responsible for the cost of replacing a capital item of the retirement village if the resident deliberately damages the item or causes accelerated wear.

Note

You must keep the unit well maintained and at least in the good repair and condition it was in when you started occupying the unit (which may be evidenced by the entry condition report), fair wear and tear excepted.

Please note that we will carry out any Repair Work at your cost.

Repair Work means the work to be done to repair the unit or replace items in the unit where such work is reasonably necessary because you have: caused accelerated wear and tear (including deliberate damage) or damage caused or contributed to by your negligence); • carried out alterations to the unit (without our prior written consent); or • carried out alterations to the unit with our prior written consent and a condition of that consent requires you to carry out certain repairs or replacements in the Unit, having regard to: the condition of the unit when you started occupying the Unit (which may be evidenced by the Entry Condition Report); and your repair and maintenance obligations under the residence contract. Entry and exit inspections and reports are undertaken by the operator and resident to assess the condition of the unit. 12.2 Is the resident ☐ Yes, all residents pay% of any renovation costs (in responsible for same proportion as the share of the capital gain on the sale of their renovation of the unit unit) when they leave the unit? ☐ Optional, only applies to residents who share in the capital gain on the sale of their unit, and the resident pays% of any renovation costs \bowtie No. Renovation means replacements or repairs other than reinstatement work. By law, the operator is responsible for the cost of any renovation work on a former resident's unit, unless the residence contract provides for the resident to share in the capital gain on the sale of the resident's interest in the unit. Renovation costs are shared between the former resident and operator in the same proportion as any capital gain is to be shared under the residence contract. Despite the above, unless otherwise agreed, we do not require you to contribute to any renovation costs. Part 13- Capital gain or losses Yes, the resident's share of the 13.1 When the capital gain is 100% resident's interest or the resident's share of the capital loss is 100% right to reside in the unit is sold, does the

resident share in the capital *gain* or capital *loss* on the resale of their unit?

(subject to section 66 of the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld). See item 14.1 below)

Part 14 - Exit entitlement or buyback of freehold units

An exit entitlement is the amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a residence contract after the right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit.

14.1 How is the exit entitlement which the operator will pay the resident worked out?

If a capital gain: Exit entitlement = IC + CG - EF

If a capital loss: Exit entitlement = IC - CL - EF

Where:

IC means the ingoing contribution paid on commencement of your right to reside (your **Ingoing Contribution**);

CG means 100% of any capital gain as defined below;

CL means 100% of any capital loss as defined below; and

EF means the exit fee - refer to paragraph 5.2 of the Prospective Costs Document and part 11 above.

We will also reimburse you for your reasonable legal costs (to a maximum of \$1100 plus GST) in relation to the sale of your right to reside.

However, please note section 66 of the Act provides as follows:

- if we accept an offer for a right to reside less than the Resale Value, your exit entitlement is to be worked out as if the right to reside was sold at the Resale Value; and
- if you accept an offer for a right to reside less than the Resale Value, your exit entitlement is to be worked out on the amount of the offer.

Capital gain

Capital gain is:

- If your right to reside in the Unit is sold to a new resident before your exit entitlement is paid: the amount by which the Resale Price exceeds your Ingoing Contribution; or
- (b) If your right to reside in the Unit is not sold to a new resident before your exit entitlement is paid: the amount by which the Resale Value exceeds your Ingoing Contribution.

Capital Loss

Capital loss is:

- (a) If your right to reside in the Unit is sold to a new resident before your exit entitlement is paid: the amount by which your Ingoing Contribution is greater than the Resale Price (subject to section 66 of the Act); or
- (b) If your right to reside in the Unit is not sold before your exit entitlement is paid: the amount by which your Ingoing Contribution is greater than the Resale Value.

Other costs

When we pay your exit entitlement, you must pay to us:

- (a) the cost of Repair Work;
- (b) the cost of services separately metered to the Unit by us which remain unpaid (for example, water or electricity);
- (c) unpaid general services charge or maintenance reserve fund contributions;
- a proportion of the costs of obtaining any necessary valuations of the Unit (for example, these may be required to determine the Resale Value from time to time);
- (e) any other fees, payments, deductions and charges applicable under your residence contract or any other agreement that you have with us, including charges for any Personal Services contracted by you; and
- (f) if your residence contract is terminated in the event of your death, any costs incurred in our solicitors being satisfied as to the validity of any claim for payment of the exit entitlement to your estate.

14.2 When is the exit entitlement payable?

By law, the operator must pay the exit entitlement to a former resident on or before the **earliest** of the following days:

- the day stated in the residence contract:
 - which is the earlier of 14 days after the settlement of the sale of the right to reside in the unit to the next resident or the operator which is when we receive the payment of the Resale Price or 18 months after the termination of the residence contract
- 14 days after the settlement of the sale of the right to reside in the unit to the next resident or the operator
- 18 months after the termination date of the resident's right to reside under the residence contract, even if the unit has not been resold, unless the operator has been granted an extension for payment by the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT).

In addition, an operator is entitled to see probate or letters of administration before paying the exit entitlement of a former resident who has died.

14.3 What is the turnover of units for sale in the village?

28 accommodation units were vacant as at the end of the last financial year

0 accommodation units were resold during the last financial year

65 days was the average length of time to sell a unit over the period in which the Village has operated.

Part 15 - Financial management of the village

15.1 What is the financial status for the funds that the operator is required to maintain

General Services Charges Fund for the last 3 years

Financial	Deficit/	Balance	Change from
Year	Surplus		previous year

under the Retirement	
Villages Act 1999?	

2022/23	\$0	\$0	0%	
2021/22	\$0	\$0	0%	
2020/21	\$0	\$0	0%	
Balance of Ge financial year available	\$0			
		serve Fund for last r if no full financial year	\$111,132	
Balance of Ca financial year available	\$38,506 0%			
	f a resident inge eplacement Fur	oing contribution applied t		
The operator properties on tribution, a report, to the used for repla	g			
			•	

Part 16 - Insurance

The village operator must take out general insurance, to full replacement value, for the retirement village, including for:

OR \square the village is not yet operating.

- communal facilities; and
- the accommodation units, other than accommodation units owned by residents.

Residents contribute towards the cost of this insurance as part of the General Services Charge.

16.1 Is the resident responsible for arranging any insurance cover? If yes, the resident is responsible for these

insurance policies:

If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:

- Insurance for the resident's property in the accommodation unit;
- Public liability insurance relating to the resident's use and occupation of the accommodation unit;
- Workers compensation insurance with respect to work or services carried out in the accommodation unit; and
- Insurance for third party property damage for any vehicle owned or driven in the village.

Part 17 – Living in the vil	
17.1 Does the village offer prospective residents a trial period or a settling in period in the village?	☐ Yes ☒ No
Pets	
17.2 Are residents allowed to keep pets? If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on pet ownership	 ✓ Yes ☐ No The resident is not permitted to have pets in the village without the operator's prior written consent, which may be granted on condition that the operator considers reasonable and necessary (see below). If those conditions are not complied with or the pet becomes a nuisance, the operator may revoke its consent and the pet must be removed from the village. Relevant restrictions or conditions on pet ownership include: only one pet (being a cat, dog or caged bird) is permitted; cats and dogs must be desexed; all pets must be vaccinated prior to entering the village and be kept regularly vaccinated; and all pets must have appropriate Council and other authority registration prior to entering the village and kept registered. Please see the operator's pet policy for further information. A copy of the policy is available on request.
N'a 'A a sa	
Visitors	
17.3 Are there restrictions on visitors staying with residents or visiting? If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on visitors (e.g. length of stay, arrange with manager)	A resident must obtain the operators consent if the resident intends to allow a visitor or guest to stay in the unit for a period of more than four (4) weeks in any twelve (12) month period. The operator's consent can be: (1) granted, with or without conditions (for example, noise restrictions, respect for all residents, the provision of visitors' details and emergency contact information, appropriate attire in common areas and signing for security keys or fobs) or withheld in the operator's discretion; and (2) if given, may be revoked at any time if the visitor or guest has failed to comply with the residence contract, rules or by-laws.
	failed to comply with the residence contract, rules or by-laws.

Village by-laws and village	ge rules
17.4 Does the village have village by-laws?	⊠ Yes □ No
	By law, residents may, by special resolution at a residents meeting and with the agreement of the operator, make, change or revoke bylaws for the village. Note: See notice at end of document regarding inspection of village by-laws
17.5 Does the operator have other rules for the village.	☐ Yes ☒ No If yes: Rules may be made available on request
Resident input	
17.6 Does the village	☐ Yes ⊠ No
have a residents committee established under the <i>Retirement</i> <i>Villages Act 1999</i> ?	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by residents.
	You may like to ask the village manager about an opportunity to talk with members of the resident committee about living in this village.
Part 18 – Accreditation	
18.1 Is the village voluntarily accredited through an industry-based accreditation scheme?	☒ No, village is not accredited☐ Yes, village is voluntarily accredited through:
_	ccreditation schemes are industry-based schemes. The <i>Retirement</i> t establish an accreditation scheme or standards for retirement villages.
Part 19 – Waiting list	
19.1 Does the village maintain a waiting list for entry?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Access to documents	
and a prospective reside inspect or take a copy of the request by the date s least seven days after th ☐ Certificate of registr	Il documents are held by the retirement village scheme operator ent or resident may make a written request to the operator to these documents free of charge. The operator must comply with stated by the prospective resident or resident (which must be at e request is given). ation for the retirement village scheme current title search for the retirement village land

\boxtimes	Village site plan
\boxtimes	Plans showing the location, floor plan or dimensions of accommodation units in the village
\boxtimes	Plans of any units or facilities under construction
\boxtimes	Development or planning approvals for any further development of the village
	An approved redevelopment plan for the village under the Retirement Villages Act
	An approved transition plan for the village
	An approved closure plan for the village
	The annual financial statements and report presented to the previous annual meeting of the retirement village
	Statements of the balance of the capital replacement fund, or maintenance reserve fund or general services charges fund (or income and expenditure for general services) at the end of the previous three financial years of the retirement village
	Statements of the balance of any Body Corporate administrative fund or sinking fund at the end of the previous three years of the retirement village
\boxtimes	Examples of contracts that residents may have to enter into
\boxtimes	Village dispute resolution process
	Village by-laws
	Village insurance policies and certificates of currency
	A current public information document (PID) continued in effect under section 237I of the Act (this applies to existing residence contracts)

An example request form containing all the necessary information you must include in your request is available on the Department of Housing and Public Works website.

Note: As the village is yet to be completed, there may be additional operational documents available on practical completion of Stage 2.

Further Information

If you would like more information, contact the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy

on 13 QGOV (13 74 68) or visit our website at www.chde.qld.gov.au

General Information

General information and fact sheets on retirement villages: www.qld.gov.au/retirementvillages
For more information on retirement villages and other seniors living options:
www.qld.gov.au/seniorsliving

Regulatory Services, Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy

Regulatory Services administers the *Retirement Villages Act 1999*. This includes investigating complaints and alleged breaches of the Act.

Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy

GPO Box 690, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 07 3013 2666

Email: regulatoryservices@chde.qld.gov.au

Website: www.chde.gld.gov.au/regulatoryservices

Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS)

Specialist service providing free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement villages and manufactured home parks in Queensland. Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au

Website: caxton.org.au

Department of Human Services (Australian Government)

Information on planning for retirement and how moving into a retirement village can affect your

pension

Phone: 132 300

Website: www.humanservices.gov.au/individuals/subjects/age-pension-and-planning-your-

retirement

Seniors Legal and Support Service

These centres provide free legal and support services for seniors concerned about elder abuse, mistreatment or financial exploitation.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au

Website: Error! Hyperlink reference not valid. https://caxton.org.au

Queensland Law Society

Find a solicitor Law Society House

179 Ann Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000

Phone: 1300 367 757 Email: info@qls.com.au Website: www.qls.com.au

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT)

This independent decision-making body helps resolve disputes and reviews administrative decisions.

GPO Box 1639, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 1300 753 228

Email: enquiries@qcat.qld.gov.au Website: www.qcat.qld.gov.au

Department of Justice and Attorney-General

Dispute Resolution Centres provide a free, confidential and impartial mediation service to the

community.

Phone: 07 3006 2518 Toll free: 1800 017 288

Website: www.justice.qld.gov.au

Livable Housing Australia (LHA)

The Livable Housing Guidelines and standards have been developed by industry and the community to provide assurance that a home is easier to access, navigate and live in, as well as more cost effective to adapt when life's circumstances change.

Website: www.livablehousingaustralia.org.au/

(Version 8 – August 2023)